Improving patient care in Canada with

Pan-Canadian Synoptic Surgery Reporting Standards

What are the Pan-Canadian Synoptic Reporting Standards?

- Evidence-based standards for breast, colon, rectal, thyroid, lung, prostate, endometrial and ovarian cancer surgery
- Inform 69 quality indicators
- Endorsed by seven medical societies: CAGS, CSSO, CATS, CUA, CSCRS, GOC & the Western Endocrine Group

Oncology surgical care isn't standardized across Canada

AS A RESULT:









Surgical procedures vary and can add unnecessary cost. Complications significantly increase cost by

\$10k per case

A growing number of cancer surgeons are taking steps to improve care





Using pan-Canadian synoptic surgery reporting evidence-based standards

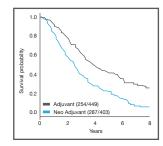


Collecting and reporting on synoptic surgery data

The synoptic surgery data is helping to track clinical care and drive improvements in patient care

SURGEONS CAN:

Determine best treatment options for patients



See how outcomes like survival vary across centres

		Survival Pr		
Site	Events/Total	3 Years	5 Years	Median Year
Centre 1	201 / 357	0.56 (0.51-0.62)	0.39 (0.34-0.46)	3.36
Centre 2	133 / 225	0.53 (0.47-0.61)	0.35 (0.28-0.43)	3.19
Centre 3	158 / 205	0.45 (0.38-0.52)	0.22 (0.17-0.3)	2.73
Centre 4	49 / 65	0.47 (0.36-0.61)	0.28 (0.18-0.44)	2.89
Total	541 / 852	0.52 (0.48-0.55)	0.33 (0.3-0.37)	3.10

Better understand where aspects of quality care vary across centres

Covariate	Full Sample (n=852)	Centre 1 (n=357)	Centre 2 (n=225)	Centre 3 (n=205)	Centre 4 (n=65)	p-value
Days in hospital						0.018
Mean (sd)	8.1 (12.4)	6.7 (9.8)	10 (18)	8.3 (9)	8.3 (8.7)	
Median (Min, Max)	5 (1,236)	5 (1,137)	6 (2,236)	6 (3,113)	6 (3,51)	
Missing	6	0	0	4	2	
Readmission 30 days Surgery						0.27
No	799 (94)	335 (94)	216 (96)	190 (94)	58 (91)	
Yes	48 (6)	22 (6)	8 (4)	12 (6)	6 (9)	
Missing	5	0	1	3	1	

Synoptic surgical reporting has system-wide benefits

A majority (> 65%) of surgeons said that electronic SYNOPTIC SURGICAL REPORTING IS SUPERIOR to narrative reports as it is:



• Brief yet comprehensive (contains 25 to 50 items vs. 2000 words and 69 to 96% of essential content vs. 46 to 59%)



• Can be completed in 15 minutes vs. 5 days and rapidly transmitted (97% of reports in 24 hrs vs. 30-90 days respectively)



• A solution to **measure performance and outcomes**, self-reflect and guide improvements in clinical practice

"Standardized reporting of data is important to identify and understand variations in care which, in turn, can be used to focus on optimizing quality of care, improving patient outcomes and delivering cost-effective treatments."

(Surgical oncologist, Ontario)

